

Protecting Minority Investors

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Dear Contributor,

We would like to thank you for your participation in the *Doing Business* project. Your expertise in the area of Protecting Minority Investors is essential to the success of the *Doing Business* report, one of the flagship publications of the World Bank Group that benchmarks business regulations in 190 economies worldwide. The protecting minority investors indicator measures legal protections afforded to minority shareholders of domestic corporations, and is one of the 11 indicator sets published by the *Doing Business* report.

The report attracts much attention around the world. The latest edition, *Doing Business 2017: Equal Opportunity for All*, introduced improvements in the paying taxes and protecting minority investors indicators, and included a gender component in 3 of 11 *Doing Business* indicator sets. It received over 7,000 media citations within just a week of its publication on October 25, 2016 and the report was downloaded almost 40,000 times within that same period. A record 137 economies implemented a total of 283 reform. Low and middle income countries carried out more than 75% of these reforms, with Sub-Saharan Africa accounting for 80 of them.

Governments worldwide read the report with interest every year, and your contribution makes it possible for the *Doing Business* project to disseminate the regulatory best practices that continue to inspire their regulatory reform efforts. Since 2012, economies worldwide have implemented 89 reforms that have strengthened the protection of minority investors. In 2015/16, 19 economies implemented such reforms. Most increased disclosure requirements and expanded shareholders' role in company management.

We are honored to be able to count on your expertise for *Doing Business 2018*. Please do the following in completing the questionnaire:

- Review the assumptions of the case study before updating last year's information in the questionnaire.
- Please describe any reform that has affected the rights of minority shareholders since June 1, 2016.
- Be sure to update your name and address if necessary, so that we can mail you a complimentary copy of the report.
- Kindly return the questionnaire to protectinginvestors@worldbank.org

We thank you again for your invaluable contribution to the work of the World Bank Group.

Sincerely,

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Did any reform (e.g. a new act, code, law, der rule) affecting the internal governance of corporaliability of company executives or access to evice 1, 2017? If yes, please provide the information be	ations, dence ir	the regula	tion of related-party	transactions, disclos	sure obligations,
Name of the legislation:					
Date of adoption:					
Date of entry into force:					
Link to electronic copy:					
Description:					
I. Private limited companies					
In the following questions, please assume that private limited company or its functional equiv the Private Limited Company (Ltd), the Limited (SRL), Gesellschaft mit beschränkter Haftung (G	alent. It d Liabi	ts shares lity Comp	cannot be listed on any (LLC), the Soc	a stock exchange. Exciedad de Responsa	kamples include
	Last year	This year	Last year law	Applicable Law	Comment
New question Do all members have the right	your	-Click			
to inspect and copy any record maintained by the company regarding the company's activities, financial condition, and other circumstances that are relevant to their rights and duties?					
Does the sale of 51% or more of Buyer's		-Click			
assets require the consent of the majority					
of its members? (whether such sale occurred					
in a single transaction or several transactions					
taking place within 1 year from the date of the					
first transaction)		-Click			
Can members who represent 10% of Buyer's capital call for a meeting?		-Click			
Must all members of Buyer consent to add		-Click			
a new member?		Ollok			
Must a member of Buyer first offer to sell		-Click			
his or her interest to the existing members		••.			
before selling to a non-member?					
Must Buyer have a management deadlock		-Click			
breaking mechanism such as a member					
exit buyout in case of disagreement?					
Is there a percentage of acquired capital		-Click			
that requires a new member to make a					
tender offer to all remaining members of					
Buyer? If yes, please specify what					
percentage.		Ol: -1			
Must Buyer distribute profits or pay		-Click			
dividends at the latest one year from the declaration date?					
Must members of Buyer meet once a year?		-Click			
Must annual financial statements of Buyer		-Click			
be audited by an external auditor?		CIICK			

II. Listed companies

In the following questions, please assume that Buyer is a **publicly traded listed corporation** or its functional equivalent. It is not state-owned and has issued stock that is publicly traded and is listed on your country's largest stock exchange. Examples include the Joint Stock Company (JSC), Public Limited Company (PLC), C Corporation, Societas Europaea (SE), Aktiengesellschaft (AG) and Société Anonyme/Sociedad Anónima (SA).

It has not adopted specific bylaws or articles of association that differ from default corporate law or securities regulations. It does not follow any code of corporate governance, model charter, or code of good practice, unless it is mandatory.

If there is no stock exchange or if there are fewer than 10 firms actively traded on the stock exchange, please assume that Buyer is a joint-stock company with a large number of shareholders.

	Last year	This year	Last year law	Applicable Law	Comment
Does the sale of 51% or more of Buyer's assets require	•	-Click			
shareholder approval? (whether					
such sale occurred in a single					
transaction or several transactions					
taking place within 1 year from the					
date of the first transaction)					
Can shareholders who hold 10%		-Click			
of Buyer's share capital call for an					
extraordinary meeting?					
Must Buyer obtain shareholder		-Click			
approval to issue unissued share					
up to its authorized share capital?					
Are shareholders automatically		-Click			
granted subscription (preemption)					
rights on new shares?		Olista			
Must shareholders approve the		-Click			
election and dismissal of the					
external auditor?		-Click			
Can the majority vote of holders of the affected shares prevent		-Click			
changes to the rights of their					
class of shares?					
Must the CEO and the chair of the		-Click			
board of directors be different		•			
individuals?					
Must the board of directors (or		-Click			
supervisory board) include `					
independent and non-executive					
board members?					
Can shareholders remove		-Click			
members of the board of directors					
without cause before the end of					
their term?		0" 1			
Must Buyer have a separate audit		-Click			
committee?		Olivi			
Is there a percentage of acquired		-Click			
shares which triggers a					
mandatory bid rule, requiring a potential acquirer to make a					
tender offer to all remaining					
shareholders?					
Must Buyer distribute profits or		-Click			
must buyer distribute profits of		-OIICK			



pay dividends within a set		
maximum time period from the		
declaration date?		
Is a subsidiary prohibited from	-Click	
acquiring shares issued by its		
parent company? If not, must the		
subsidiary dispose of the shares		
within a year and cannot exercise		
any voting rights?		
Must Buyer disclose ultimate	-Click	
beneficial ownership stakes (i.e.		
direct and/or indirect)		
representing 5%?		
Must Buyer disclose information	-Click	
on other activities and		
directorships held by board		
members, including on their		
primary employment?		
Must Buyer disclose on an	-Click	
individual basis the compensation		
of directors and high-ranking		
officers, including bonuses and		
incentive schemes?		
Must Buyer publish the notice of	-Click	
shareholder meeting 21 calendar		
days in advance and include		
information and deadlines on		
participating and exercising		
voting rights remotely?		
Can shareholders or members	-Click	
who hold 5% of Buyer's share		
capital put items on the general		
meeting agenda?		
Must a certified external	-Click	
accountant audit Buyer's annual		
financial statements?		
Must Buyer disclose its audit	-Click	
reports to the public?		



III. Conflict of interest case study

For the following questions, in addition to previous assumptions, please assume the following:

- Mr. James owns 60% of Buyer. He sits on the 5-member board of directors (or management board) together with 2 other directors whom he elected. He is neither CEO nor chair.
- Mr. James also owns 90% of Seller, which operates a chain of retail stores. Seller, facing financial difficulties, closed a large number of stores and is no longer using many of its trucks.
- **Mr. James proposes** that Buyer purchase Seller's unused fleet of trucks to expand Buyer's distribution of its products. Buyer agrees and enters into the transaction.
- All required approvals are obtained and all mandatory disclosures are made. Buyer pays Seller a cash amount equal to 10% of Buyer's assets to acquire the trucks.
- The transaction is part of Buyer's **ordinary course of business** and is **not** *ultra vires* (i.e. is not outside the power or authority of Buyer).
- It is subsequently discovered that the price of the trucks was above market value. The transaction therefore causes damages to Buyer. Shareholders of Buyer want to sue Mr. James as well as board members who voted in favor.

Who provides the final authorization before Buyer can acquire Seller's tru	ucks? -Click	to Select-	
Applicable Law:			
Must an independent body, external to the company, review the transacti auditor, outside financial advisor, stock exchange or regulator)?	on prior to it	ts execution (e.g. ex	ternal
Applicable Law:			
What information about the Buyer-Seller transaction must Mr. James disc transaction is concluded? -Click to Select-	close to the	board of directors b	efore the
Applicable Law:			
Which information about the Buyer-Seller transaction must be disclosed the stock exchange immediately (within 72 hours of closing the transaction		the public, the regu	lator or
	Last year	This year	
A description of the assets purchased by Buyer	•	-Click to Select-	
The nature and amount of consideration paid by Buyer to Seller		-Click to Select-	
Mr. James' ownership interest and/or director position in Buyer		-Click to Select-	
The fact that Mr. James owns 90% of Seller		-Click to Select-	
Applicable Law:			
Which information about the Buyer-Seller transaction must be disclosed statement?	by Buyer in	its annual financial	
	Last year	This year	
A description of the assets purchased by Buyer		-Click to Select-	
The nature and amount of consideration paid by Buyer to Seller		-Click to Select-	
Mr. James' ownership interest and/or director position in Buyer		-Click to Select-	
The fact that Mr. James owns 90% of Seller		-Click to Select-	
Applicable Law:			
Can shareholders representing 10% sue Mr. James for the losses that the Click to Select- Applicable Law:	e transactior	caused to Buyer	
Which of the following is the least difficult to prove for shareholders and liable for the damage that the transaction causes to the company? -Click		fficient to hold Mr.	James
Applicable Law:			



Which of the following is the least difficult to prove for shareholde board members liable for the damage that the transaction causes	
Applicable Law:	
If shareholders are successful in their action(s) against Mr. James	, what remedies are available?
	Last year This year
He pays damages	-Click to Select-
He repays personal profits made from the transaction	-Click to Select-
He is disqualified from serving in the management of any company for 1 year or more	-Click to Select-
Applicable Law:	
Can a court void/rescind the transaction upon a successful claim least difficult argument to prove that would likely succeed)? -Click	
Applicable Law:	
Before filing a suit, can shareholders representing 10% obtain into board meetings, contracts and purchase agreements in connectio Click to Select- Applicable Law:	
In a civil trial, what is the scope of information that the plaintiff car	n ask the judge to compel?
From the defendant: -Click to Select-	
From an uncooperative witness: -Click to Select-	
Applicable Law:	
How specific must the plaintiff's request to the judge be to competrial? Click to Select-	l evidence from a defendant or witness in a civil
Applicable Law:	
Which statements best describe the process of questioning defen	dants and witnesses in civil trials?
From the defendant: -Click to Select-	
From an uncooperative witness: -Click to Select-	
Applicable Law:	
Must the company or defendants reimburse the legal expenses (e. expenses) of shareholders in their action against company director Applicable Law:	

Thank you for completing the Protecting Minority Investors questionnaire. Kindly email it back to protectinginvestors@worldbank.org